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# **Specification Document**

## Position Detection Water Leakage Sensor AD-LS

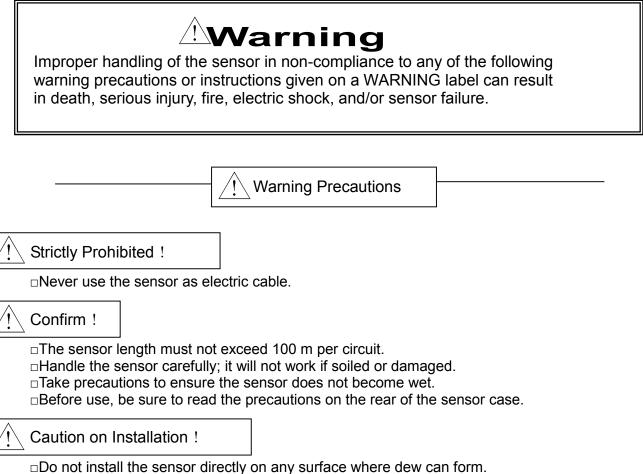
Date : ( )

<Manufacturer >

System Equipment Division Electronic Materials & System Equipment Group TATSUTA Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd.

System Equipment Division		
Approved by:	Checked by:	Prepared by:

## <<<Important safety instructions>>>



□Attach the sensor as tightly as possible to the mounting surface. Any unavoidable gap such as on an uneven floor or the like horizontal surface must not exceed

2 mm, and on a pillar, beam or the like vertical surface the gap must not exceed 1 mm.  $\Box$  To minimize the influence of external electromagnetic induction, the sensor

- comprises two electrodes twisted in a braid form. However, avoid installing the sensor over a long distance in parallel with a power cable or other electromagnetic induction sources.
- □Where the sensor intersects a power cable of 300 V or higher service voltage, surround the sensor completely with an insulating protective barrier, such as plastic molding.
- Install the sensor so that it can be easily replaced. After detection of water leakage, the sensor is reset when the water has evaporated. However, if the sensor absorbs water that contains conductive or water-repellent material, it possibly cannot be reset and needs to be replaced.
- □ To prevent electrical corrosion of the sensor, be sure to connect it to an alternate-current water leakage detector.
- □Do not allow wax or other oil-based material on the sensor; water is repelled from the surface and may not be detected.

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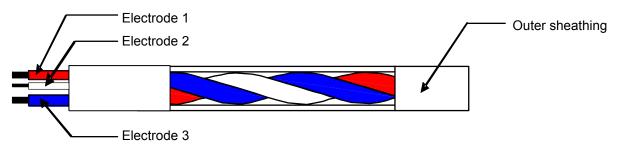
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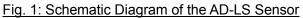
#### 1. Scope of Application

The specification document is applicable for the water leakage position detection sensor (AD-LS sensor). It is developed to detect the water leakage position rapidly.

#### 2. Construction

Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 show the construction of the AD-LS sensor. Electrode 1 (red): In the 0.33mm<sup>2</sup> strand of tinned annealed copper wire woven by polyethylene Electrode 2 (blue): In the 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> strand of tinned annealed copper wire insulated by FEP Electrode 3 (white): There is polyethylene on the resistance wire Outer sheathing: Polyester





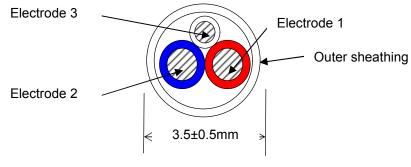


Fig. 2: Cross-section Diagram of the AD-LS Sensor

### 3. Specifications

Table 1 shows the specifications of AD-LS sensor.

Table 1. Specifications		
Item	Specifications	
Resistance between electrodes (AC)	10 M $\Omega$ min. per 100m between electrodes (measuring ambient temperature: 24 $^\circ\!{ m C}$ , humidity: 60 $^{\%}\!{ m RH}$ )	
Detecting characteristic	When the amount of water (tap water) is 3.0ml or below, the electric resistance between electrodes is $5k\Omega$ (AC) or below • Water dropping amount: directly drop to the sensor (0.05ml/s) • Measuring ambient temperature: 24°C, humidity: 60%RH • Conductivity water temperature: 24°C, 200µS/cm [5.0 kΩ·cm] • Testing equipment: Water leakage detector AD-AS-1LM manufactured by our company. Detecting precision Sensor connection length: 1~100m : ±1m 101~250m : Sensor applied length: ± 1% % The interconnection length for the sensor is within 250m % The resistance between electrodes and the amount of water during the sensor operation are dependent on the laying surface status, environment and water quality for the sensor.	
Humidity resistance	In the high humid condition, the resistance between electrodes (Electrode 1 –Electrode 2) is $600k\Omega$ or above /100m (measuring ambient temperature: $60^{\circ}C$ , humidity: $95\%$ RH) provided that there is no dew condensation.	
Resetting characteristic	After the water leakage detection, the sensor is reset by natural drying or moisture removal. However, if there are conductive or water-repellent substances in the leaking water, the sensor cannot be reused.	
Heat resistance	60°C max. for continuous operation (heat-resistant temperature: 80°C)	
Weight	12.8±1.0 g/m	